Program Summaries

Budget Planning Assumptions

The 2005 King County Budget is built using the following assumptions:

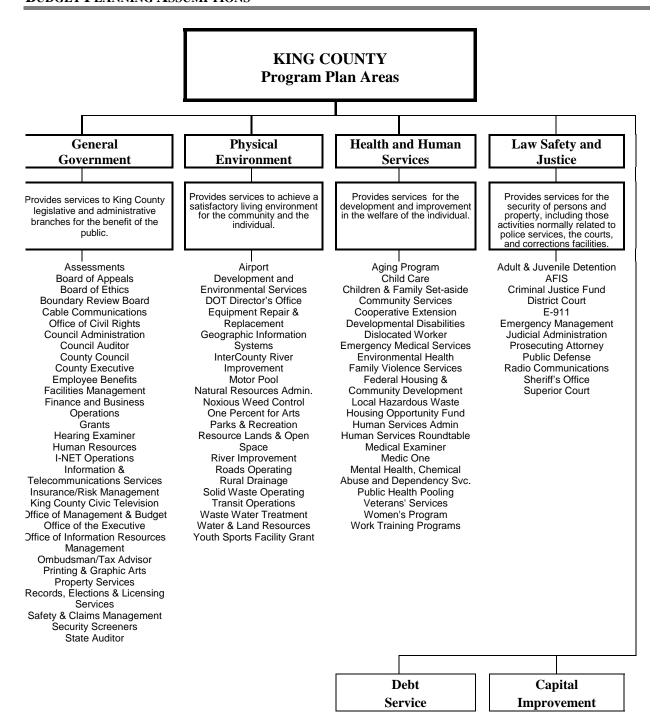
Salaries. In 2005, reserves for salary and wage adjustments for COLA and Merit are budgeted in each appropriation unit in the Current Expense fund instead of holding central reserves in the Salary and Wage Contingency. Non-Current Expense funds continue to hold salary and wage reserve accounts within each fund. These reserves provide funding for COLA, merit and step increases. For most County employees the COLA increase is 90% of the change in the September to September national consumer price index (CPI-W), with a floor of 2.00%. The 2005 COLA is projected to be 2.10%. The contingencies also include reserves for merit, longevity increases, and other salary adjustments. The methodology in the Current Expense Fund eliminates the need for a COLA Ordinance to distribute funding from the central Salary and Wage Contingency to each Current Expense appropriation unit.

Medical Benefits. Expenditures for providing medical/dental benefits to employees are budgeted to decrease about 1.68% in 2005 over 2004 budgeted levels.

Internal Service Rates. The 2005 Adopted Budget includes increases in several internal service rates, including ITS-Technology Services, ITS-Telecommunications, Facilities Management, Office of Information Resource Management, Risk Management and Finance.

Current Expense Underexpenditure. Prior to 1997, the CX Financial Plan assumed a 1.00% underexpenditure rate. Beginning in 1997, the CX Financial Plan assumed a 1.50% underexpenditure rate which was increased to a 1.75% rate in 1998, 1999, 2000 and 2001. Beginning in 2002, the underexpenditure rate increased to 2.00%. In the 2005 Adopted Budget, 1.25% of the required underexpenditure has been reduced from CX operating and CX transfer budgets to more directly budget for assumed underexpenditure levels. A remaining central contra of 0.75% is held in the CX Financial Plan, for a total assumption of 2.00%. Departments are expected to manage their appropriations to achieve the underexpenditure.

Major Maintenance Reserve Fund. The 2005 Adopted Budget includes the transfer of \$4.2 million of revenues designated for the Sales Tax Reserve subfund to the Major Maintenance Reserve Fund and in support of the other CIP programs. The County's financial policies allow for expenditure from the Sales Tax Reserve Fund when the fund balance exceeds \$15 million. This balance was achieved in 1994.



Summary Comparison of 2005 Appropriations by Program Category All Resources

				2005 - 2004		
Program Category	2003 Adopted	2004 Adopted	2005 Adopted	\$ Change	% Change	
General Government	387,726,429	430,338,108	431,079,368	741,260	0.2%	
Physical Environment	749,726,108	743,290,775	760,861,114	17,570,339	2.4%	
Health & Human Services	414,207,878	412,564,735	431,787,225	19,222,490	4.7%	
Law, Safety & Justice	387,354,758	404,577,665	422,635,051	18,057,386	4.5%	
Total Operating	1,939,015,172	1,990,771,283	2,046,362,758	55,591,475	2.8%	
Debt Service	278,666,966	280,565,479	298,057,109	17,491,630	6.2%	
Capital Improvement	855,498,682	601,412,710	941,770,848	340,358,138	56.6%	
TOTAL	3,073,180,821	2,872,749,472	3,286,190,715	413,441,243	14.4%	
Non-Categorized						
CX Fund Transfers	32,870,641	56,996,381	56,447,106			
Sales Tax Contingency	4,020,313	3,920,150	4,171,491			
Children and Family Services	3,668,862	7,294,913	7,440,673			
CJ Funds Other	694,282	481,243	0			
Roads and Airport Construction Transfer	27,738,424	29,788,813	33,966,583			
PERS Liability and Risk Abatement	2,506,446	34,725,500	23,472,683			
Total Non-Categorized	71,498,968	133,207,000	125,498,536			
Grand Total	\$ 3,144,679,789	\$3,005,956,472	\$3,411,689,251			

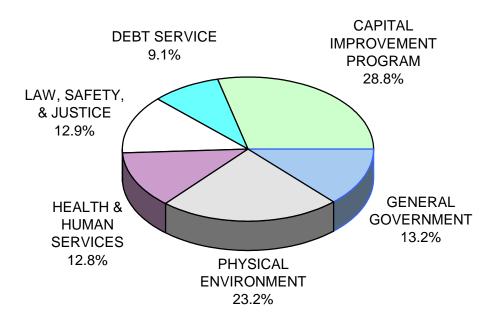
Summary Comparison of 2005 Appropriations by Program Category Current Expense and General Fund

Program Category	2003 Adopted	2004 Adopted	2005 Adopted	2005 - 2004 \$ Change	% Change
General Government	73,177,855	81,385,057	84,342,797	2,957,740	3.6%
Physical Environment	16,815,555	5,658,086	5,775,121	117,035	2.1%
Health & Human Services	9,025,553	30,003,136	34,510,807	4,507,671	15.0%
Law, Safety & Justice	353,309,622	372,839,659	384,695,154	11,855,495	3.2%
CX Transfers to CIP	3,420,237	6,814,006	17,253,088	10,439,082	153.2%
Other Agencies	49,185,592	28,568,238	10,173,934	(18,394,304)	(64.4%)
Total Current Expense*	504,934,414	525,268,182	536,750,901	11,482,719	2.2%
Subfunds to the General Fund					
Sales Tax Reserve Contingency	4,020,313	3,920,150	4,171,491	251,341	6.4%
Children and Families Set-Aside	3,668,862	15,695,025	19,984,454	4,289,429	27.3%
Inmate Welfare	1,865,308	1,198,223	1,201,285	3,062	0.3%
Total General Fund	\$ 514,488,897	\$ 546,081,580	\$ 562,108,131	\$ 16,026,551	2.9%

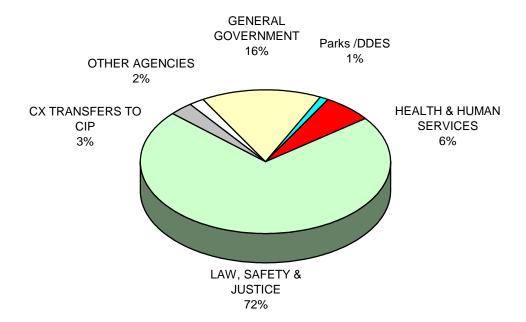
^{*}The financial plan and this table reconcile by reducing the total general fund amount by \$4,171,491 for the Sales Tax Reserve Contingency and by \$15,279,554 for the Current Expense Fund transfer to the Children and Families Set-Aside Fund and \$3,268,192 for underexpenditures. The total is \$539,388,894 which matches the CX Financial Plan. To match general fund pie chart, add back underexpenditure for a total of \$542M.

^{**}This table restates Current Expense and Criminal Justice for 2003 and 2004.

Distribution of 2005 Expenditures by Program Category All Funds \$3.3 Billion



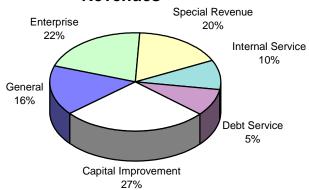
Distribution of 2005 Expenditures by Program Area General Fund \$542 Million



2005 Expenditures, Revenues and FTEs by Fund Type

Fund Type	Revenues		Expenditures		FTEs	
General	554,308,398	16%	562,108,131	16%	4,217	32%
Special Revenue	670,469,367	20%	703,468,030	21%	3,169	24%
Enterprise	744,361,698	22%	569,502,978	17%	4,842	38%
Internal Service	332,032,308	10%	338,803,439	10%	826	6%
Debt Service	172,076,073	5%	298,057,109	9%	0	0%
Capital Improvement	890,967,358	27%	941,770,848	27%	0	0%
Total All Funds	3,364,215,202		3,413,710,535		13,054	

Revenues



Expenditures

